

Multirate Rendering of Soft Objects

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Rigid Tool – Deformable Environment



Virtual Surgery
Scalpel, etc.
Vs.
Soft tissue

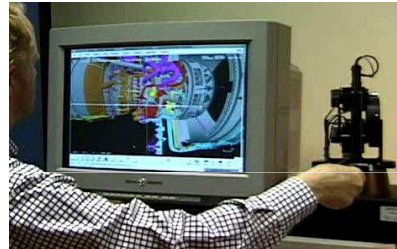
[Courtesy of Reachin AB]



Rigid Tool – Deformable Environment



[Courtesy of CEA/Haption]



[Courtesy of Boeing]

Virtual Prototyping
Car/aircraft part
Vs.
Wires, flexible structures

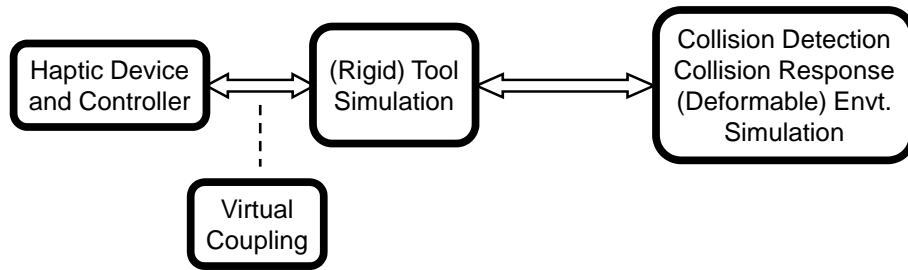


Contents

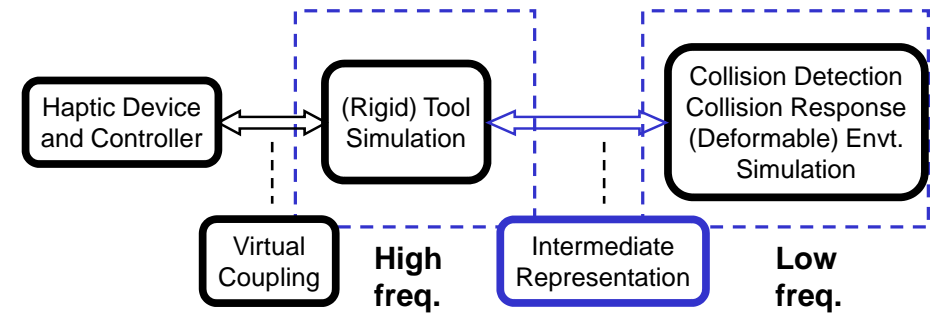
1. Design of a multirate rendering architecture
2. Constraint-based contact simulation
3. Putting the two together...



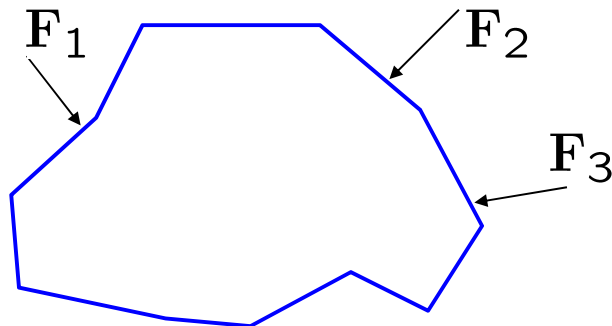
Typical Rendering Algorithm



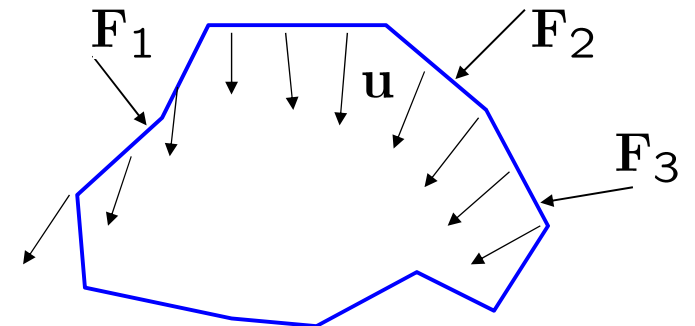
Intermediate Representation



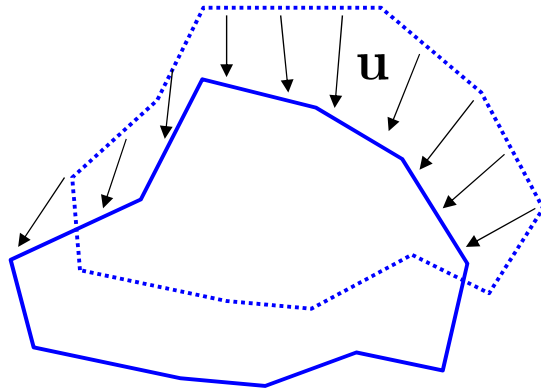
Simulation of Deformable VE



Simulation of Deformable VE



Simulation of Deformable VE



Equations of Motion

$$M \frac{dv}{dt} + Dv + Ku = f$$
$$\frac{du}{dt} = v$$



Numerical (Implicit) Integration

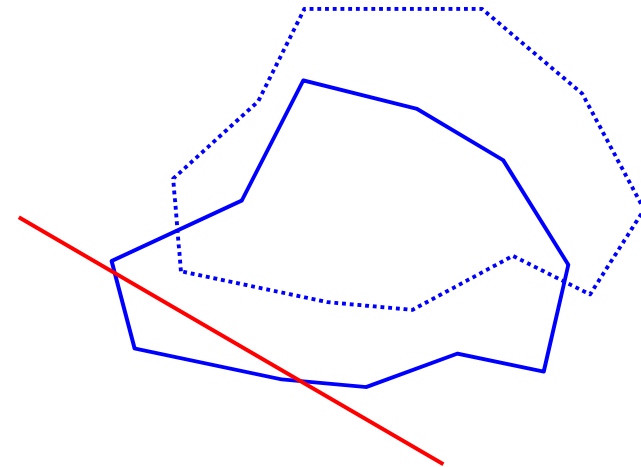
$$M \frac{dv}{dt} + Dv + Ku = f$$
$$\frac{du}{dt} = v$$

$$Au(i+1) = b$$

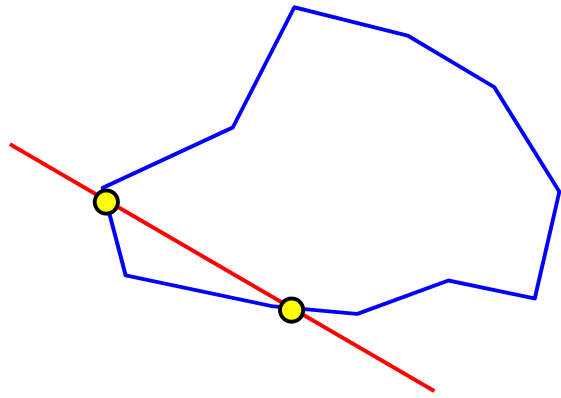
$$u(i+1) \approx u(i) + \Delta t v(i+1)$$



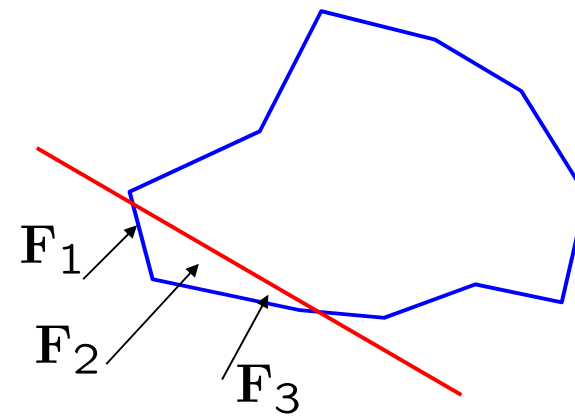
Collision Detection



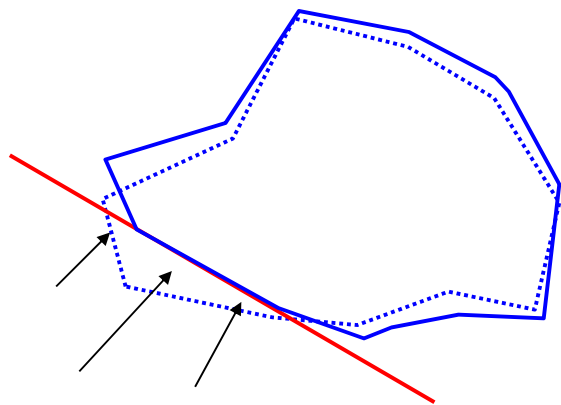
Collision Detection



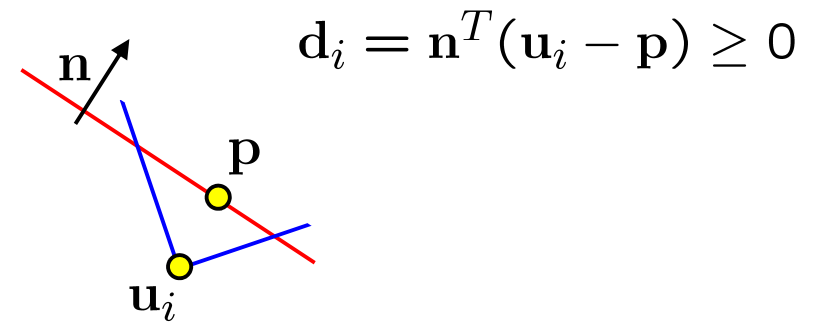
Collision Response



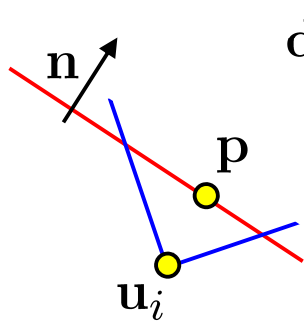
Collision Response



Contact Constraints



Contact Forces



$$d_i = n^T(u_i - p) \geq 0$$

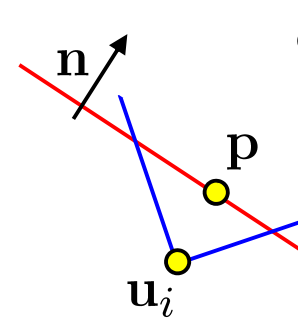
$$F_i = \lambda_i n$$

$$\lambda_i \geq 0$$

Lagrange multipliers



Complementarity



$$d_i = n^T(u_i - p) \geq 0$$

$$F_i = \lambda_i n$$

$$\lambda_i \geq 0$$

$$d_i \cdot \lambda_i = 0$$



Contact as LCP

$$Au = b + J^T \lambda$$

$$Ju \geq d$$

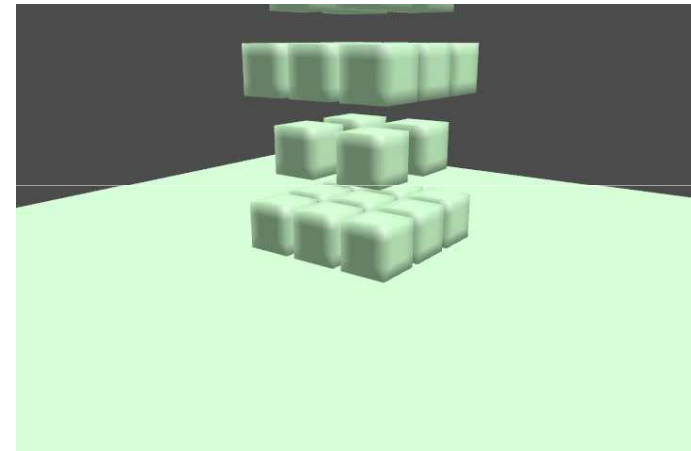
$$\lambda \geq 0$$

$$\lambda^T (Ju - d) = 0$$

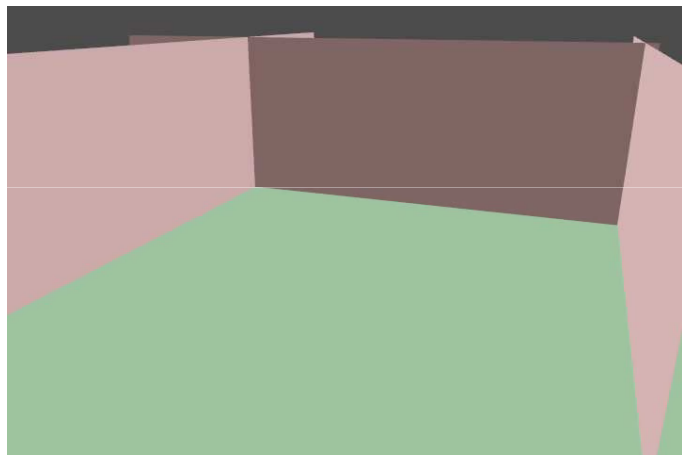
LCP = Linear Complementarity Problem



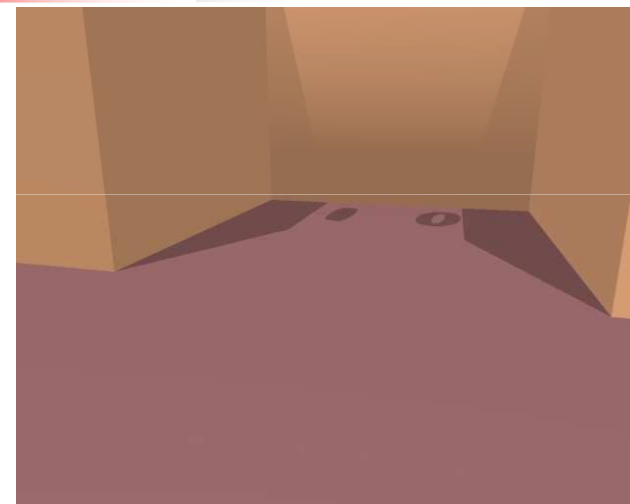
Simulation Examples



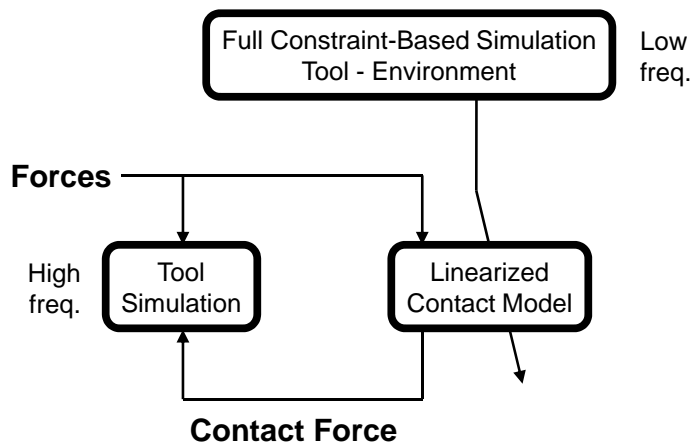
Simulation Examples



Simulation Examples



Linearized Contact Model



Complete System

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_r & 0 & -\mathbf{J}_r^T \\ 0 & \mathbf{A}_d & -\mathbf{J}_d^T \\ \mathbf{J}_r & \mathbf{J}_d & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}_r \\ \mathbf{u}_d \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{b}_r \\ \mathbf{b}_d \\ \mathbf{d} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{f}_r = \mathbf{J}_r^T \lambda \approx \mathbf{f}_0 + \frac{\partial \mathbf{f}}{\partial \mathbf{b}_r} (\mathbf{b}_r - \mathbf{b}_0)$$

Linearized Model

Transparent Rendering of Tool Contact with Compliant Environments (WHC'2007)



Demo: Wednesday 3pm – 4:30pm

